



Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at <http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content>.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

NEWS ITEMS

The University of Texas Library has bought for the Littlefield Collection a file of the *National Intelligencer* (Washington) from 1823 to 1866.

Miss Julia M. Pease has deposited in the Library as a loan four volumes of the *Texas State Gazette* (Austin), extending from August, 1849, to August, 1857.

Mr. S. W. Farrow, of Hico, Texas, who served through the Civil War in the Nineteenth Texas Regiment, Walker's Division, has presented to the Library a collection of eighty-five letters written, mostly by himself to his wife, during the period of the war.

During October, 1915, many newspapers of the State gave prominence to the recovery by the State Comptroller of large quantities of canceled and uncanceled currency of the Republic of Texas which had been stolen from the basement of the Capitol and sold to dealers in curios and antiquities. It appears from a detailed article in the *Sweetwater Daily Reporter* of October 13, 1915, that Hon. R. C. Crane, postmaster at Sweetwater, and a vice-president of the Texas State Historical Association, discovered the theft and conducted the investigation which led to the recovery of the currency.

AFFAIRS OF THE ASSOCIATION

The annual meeting of the Texas State Historical Association will be held at Austin, March 2, 1916, at 10 o'clock in the Main Building of the University, room 158. A meeting of the Executive Council and of the Fellows will precede.